

# A typology of proportional quantifiers: Evidence from Polish partitives

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SinFonIJA 13, September 24-26th 2019

# Introduction

## Proportional quantifiers in Polish

Przepiórkowski (2006), Dziubała-Szrejbrowska (2016), Wągiel (2018)

- ▶ partitive expressions: PART, HALF, QUARTER and MOST
- ▶ fractions ⇒ not today
- ▶ understudied ⇒ firmer empirical footing

## Puzzle

- ▶ different properties of particular proportional quantifiers

## Explanation

- ▶ interaction between degree semantics and mereotopology

# Data

- ▶ PART-words

- (1)
  - a. część
  - b. cząstka

- ▶ QUARTER-words

- (2)
  - a. ćwierć
  - b. ćwiartka

- ▶ HALF-words

- (3)
  - a. pół
  - b. połowa
  - c. połówka

- ▶ MOST-word

- (4) większość

# Data

## Morphological make-up

- ▶ PART words

- (5)    a.    *część*  
              root  
  b.    *cząst-k-a*  
              root-derivational.suffix-inflectional.marker

- ▶ QUARTER words

- (6)    a.    *ćwierć*  
              root  
  b.    *ćwiart-k-a*  
              root-derivational.suffix-inflectional.marker

# Data

## Morphological make-up

- ▶ HALF words

- (7)    a.    pół  
              root
- b.    poł-ow-a  
              root-derivational.suffix-inflectional.marker
- c.    poł-ów-k-a  
              root-derivational.suffix<sub>1</sub>-deriv.suffix<sub>2</sub>-infl.marker

- ▶ MOST word

- (8)    większ-ość-∅  
              root-derivational.suffix-inflectional.marker

# Corpus Study

National Corpus of Polish (NCP)

Przepiórkowski et al. (2012)

- ▶ representative corpus of Polish
- ▶ distribution of Polish proportional quantifiers
- ▶ collocations
- ▶ syntactic environments

# Corpus Study

Collocations: *ćwierć* ('quarter') and *pół* ('half')

- ▶ number words including denumerable nouns

(9)     *tysiąc* ('thousand'), *milion* ('million'), *setka* ('hundred')

- ▶ measure words

(10)    *minuta* ('minute'), *metr* ('meter'), *kilogram* ('kilogram')

- ▶ container words

(11)    *szklanka* ('glass'), *łyżeczka* ('spoon'), *butelka* ('bottle')

- ▶ singular count nouns

(12)    *bochenek* ('loaf'), *koło* ('wheel'), *obrót* ('spin')

- ▶ plurals, mass nouns ⇒ unattested

# Corpus Study

Collocations: *część* ('part'), *połowa* ('half'), *większość* ('most')

- ▶ plurals

(13) *robotnicy* ('workers'), *mury* ('walls'), *ludzie* ('people')

- ▶ singular count nouns

(14) *twarz* ('face'), *droga* ('road'), *społeczeństwo* ('society')

- ▶ mass nouns

(15) *masła* ('butter'), *kler* ('clergy')

- ▶ measure words, numbers ⇒ unattested/marginal

# Corpus Study

Collocations: *częstka* ('part')

- ▶ lexicalized meaning: 'particle' ⇒ excluded
- ▶ singular count nouns: food terms

(16) *pomarańcza* ('orange'), *owoc* ('fruit')

- ▶ singular count nouns: solid objects

(17) *różaniec* ('rosary'), *relikwia* ('relic')

- ▶ singular count nouns: abstract

(18) *prawda* ('truth'), *natura* ('nature'), *życie* ('life')

- ▶ measures, numbers, mass, plurals ⇒ unattested/marginal

# Corpus Study

Collocations: *ćwiartka* ('quarter')

- ▶ lexicalized meaning: '0.25l bottle of liquor' ⇒ excluded
- ▶ singular count nouns: food terms

(19)    *cytryna* ('lemon'), *chleb* ('bread'), *kurczak* ('chicken')

- ▶ singular count nouns: flat surfaces

(20)    *papier* ('paper'), *ekran* ('screen')

- ▶ measures, numbers, mass, plurals ⇒ unattested/marginal

# Corpus Study

Collocations: *połówka* ('half')

- ▶ singular count nouns: food terms

(21) *jabłko* ('apple'), *jajko* ('egg'), *orzech* ('nut')

- ▶ singular count nouns: solid objects

(22) *papieros* ('cigarette'), *muszla* ('shell'), *kamienica* ('house')

- ▶ measures, numbers, mass, plurals ⇒ unattested/marginal

# Corpus Study

Degree modifiers: *prawie* ('almost') and *niemal* ('nearly')

- ▶ attested: *ćwierć*, *pół*, *połowa* and *większość*

- (23) To już prawie pół roku...  
that already almost half year.GEN  
'It's been already almost half a year...' [NCP]
- (24) Niemal większość inwestycji (...) zrealizowano  
nearly most investments.GEN was.realized  
bez pozwolenia...  
without permission.GEN  
'Nearly majority of investments were realized without the  
permission...' [NCP]

- ▶ otherwise unattested/marginal

# Corpus Study

## Some contrasts

- ▶ measure terms

- (25) ...wiedzą, co znaczy **ćwierć tony** trotylu w  
they-know what means quarter<sub>1</sub> tonne.GEN TNT.GEN in  
rękach amatora.  
hands amateur.GEN  
'...they know what a quarter ton of TNT in the hands of an  
amateur means.' [NCP]
- (26) #Wiedzą, co znaczy **ćwiartka tony** trotylu w  
they-know what means quarter<sub>2</sub> tonne.GEN TNT.GEN in  
rękach amatora.  
hands amateur.GEN

# Corpus Study

## Some contrasts

- ▶ cumulative predicates

- (27) ...wywinął tylko ciupagą i połowa napastników  
he-brandished only axe and half<sub>2</sub> aggressors.GEN  
padła na ziemię.  
fell on ground  
'...he only brandished an axe and half of the aggressors hit  
the ground.' [NCP]
- (28) #Wywinął tylko ciupagą i pół napastników padło  
he-brandished only axe and half<sub>1</sub> aggressors.GEN fell  
na ziemię.  
on ground

# Corpus Study

## Some contrasts

- ▶ degree modifiers

- (29) ...obie miały okulary automobilowe zakrywające  
both had eyeglasses automobile.ADJ covering  
**niemal pół twarzy...**  
nearly half<sub>1</sub> face.GEN  
'...they both had car goggles covering nearly half of the  
face...' [NCP]

- (30) #Obie miały okulary automobilowe zakrywające  
both had eyeglasses automobile.ADJ covering  
**niemal część twarzy.**  
nearly part face.GEN

# Corpus Study

## Distributional properties of Polish proportional quantifiers

- ▶ three different classes
- ▶ measure terms
- ▶ degree modifiers
- ▶ cumulative predicates

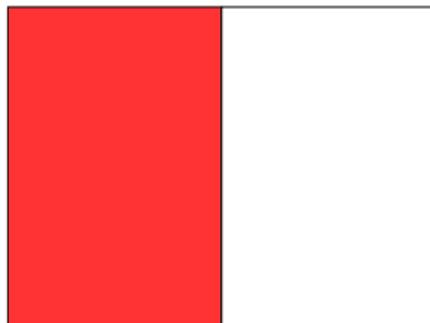
	ćwierć 'quarter'	pół 'half'	połowa 'half'	większość 'most'	część 'part'	częstka 'part'	połówka 'half'	ćwiartka 'quarter'
measure terms	✓	✓	*	*	*	*	*	*
degree modifiers	✓	✓	✓	✓	*	*	*	*
cumulative pred.	*	*	✓	✓	✓	*	*	*

# More Data

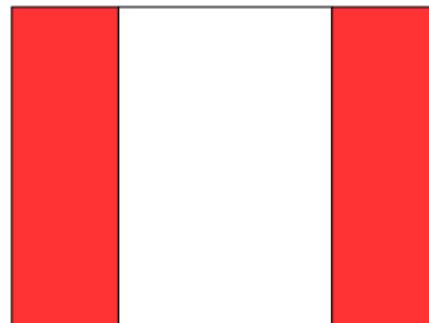
Relevance of spatial integrity in subatomic quantification

Wągiel (2018, 2019)

- ▶ NL semantics  $\Rightarrow$  sensitive to the way parts are arranged
- ▶ different structures  $\Rightarrow$  similar semantic effects
- ▶ diagnostics  $\Rightarrow$  the flag test



Flag AB



Flag ABA

# More Data

Polish proportional quantifiers derived by the suffix *-k-*  
Wągiel (2018, 2019)

- ▶ sensitive to the integrity condition

- (31) a. Pół flagi jest czerwone.  
half flag.GEN is red  
'Half the flag is red.' ✓AB, ✓ABA
- b. Połowa flagi jest czerwona.  
half flag.GEN is red  
'Half the flag is red.' ✓AB, ✓ABA
- c. Połówka flagi jest czerwona.  
half flag.GEN is red  
'A half of the flag is red.' ✓AB, #ABA

# More Data

## Physical and abstract objects

e.g., Pustejovsky (1995), Gotham (2017)

- ▶ class of ambiguous nouns: physical/abstract sense
- ▶ co-predication

- (32) a. The heavy **book** is easy to understand.  
b. **Lunch** was delicious but lasted hours.  
c. The **school** that caught fire was celebrating 4th of July when the fire started.

- (33) **Książka** autorstwa Tokarczuk leży na stole.  
book authorship.GEN Tokarczuk lies on table.LOC  
'A book by Olga Tokarczuk is on the table.' Polish

# More Data

## Sortal classifiers in Hungarian

Csirmaz & Dékány (2014), Schvarcz & Wohlmuth (2020)

- ▶ optional
- ▶ general classifier *darab*
- ▶ physically distinct, integrated entities

- (34) a. három könyv  
three book  
'three books' ✓ PHYS, ✓ ABS
- b. három **darab** könyv  
three CL book  
'three books' ✓ PHYS, #ABS

# More Data

Polish proportional quantifiers derived by the suffix *-k-*

- ▶ similar effect as *darab*
- ▶ physically distinct, integrated entities

(35)	a.	pół książki half book.GEN	✓PHYS, ✓ABS
	b.	połówka książki half book.GEN	✓PHYS, #ABS

(36)	a.	Jadzia przeczytała pół książki. Jadzia read half.ACC book.GEN 'Jadzia read half a book.'	✓ABS
	b.	#Jadzia przeczytała połówkę książki. Jadzia read half.ACC book.GEN	#ABS

## More Data

Polish proportional quantifiers derived by the suffix *-k-*

- ▶ similar effect as *darab*
  - ▶ physically distinct, integrated entities

- (37) a. część posiłku  
part meal.GEN ✓PHYS, ✓ABS  
b. cząstka posiłku  
part meal.GEN ✓PHYS, #ABS

- (38) a. Pierwsza część posiłku trwała do zmroku.  
first part meal.GEN lasted to dusk.GEN  
'The first part of the meal lasted until dusk.' ✓ ABS

b. #Pierwsza *częstka* posiłku trwała do zmroku.  
first part meal.GEN lasted to dusk.GEN #AB

# Data Summary

## Proportional quantifiers in Polish

- ▶ different properties
- ▶ (in)compatibility with measure terms
- ▶ (in)compatibility with cumulative predicates
- ▶ (in)compatibility with degree modifiers
- ▶ semantic effects relating to integrity and physicality

## Proposal

- ▶ typology results from the interactions between degree semantics and mereotopology

# Background

Measure phrases

Kotek (2013)

- ▶ denote sets of degrees

$$(39) \quad [\![\text{nine kilograms}]\!] = \lambda d[d = 9kg]$$

Contextually conditioned measure function  $\mu$

Bale & Barner (2009)

- ▶ different measures for different NPs  $\Rightarrow$  number, volume

(40)  $m$  is interpreted as one of the measure functions  $m_z$  in the series  $\langle m_1, m_2, m_3 \dots m_n \rangle$  such that the argument for  $m$  is in the range of  $m_z$ ; furthermore, contextually  $m_z$  is preferred to  $m_y$  if  $z < y$

# Background

## Polysemy of measurement

Rett (2014)

- ▶ M-OP<sub>e</sub> ⇒ covert measure operator
- ▶ shift between entities and degrees
- ▶ accounts for the polysemy

$$(41) \quad [\![M\text{-}OP_e]\!] = \lambda P \lambda d \lambda x [P(x) \wedge \mu(x) = d]$$

- $$(42) \quad \begin{aligned} a. & \text{ Four pizzas are vegetarian.} \\ b. & \text{ Four pizzas is more than we need.} \end{aligned}$$

# Background

Degree modifiers

Penka (2005)

- ▶ cross-categorial *almost*
- ▶ scalar alternatives  $\Rightarrow$  ranked on a scale
- ▶ true lower ‘close by’ alternative required

$$(43) \quad [\![\text{almost}_{\approx}]\!] = \lambda w \lambda p_{\langle s, t \rangle} [\exists q [q \approx p \wedge q(w)] \wedge \neg p(w)]$$

- (44) a. Almost 100 students passed the exam.  
b.  $n$  students passed the exam,  $90 \leq n \leq 110$   
 $\wedge \neg(100 \text{ students passed the exam})$
- (45) a. Almost half/all of the students passed the exam.  
b. \*Almost some/several/many students passed the exam.

# Background

## Mereotopology

Casati & Varzi (1999), Varzi (2007), Grimm (2012), Wągiel (2018)

- ▶ mereology + topological notions
- ▶ connectedness  $C \Rightarrow$  primitive relation
- ▶ reflexive, symmetric
- ▶ implied by overlap

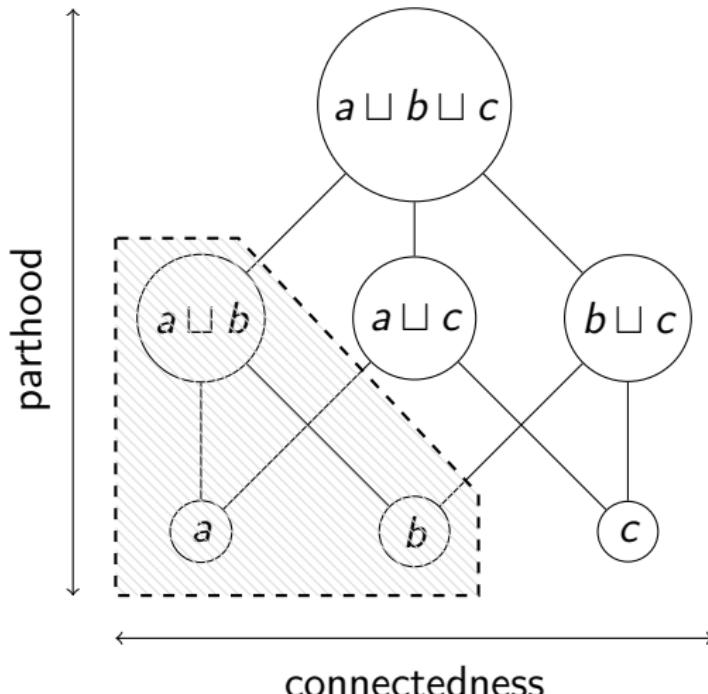
(46) Parthood  $\rightarrow$  connectedness

$$\forall x \forall y [x \sqsubseteq y \rightarrow \forall z [C(x, z) \rightarrow C(z, y)]]$$

# Background

## Mereotopology

Casati & Varzi (1999), Varzi (2007), Grimm (2012), Wągiel (2018)



# Background

Maximally strongly self-connected relative to a property  
Casati & Varzi (1999)

$$(47) \quad \text{MSSC}(P)(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} P(x) \wedge \text{ssc}(x) \wedge \forall y[P(y) \wedge \text{ssc}(y) \wedge o(y, x) \rightarrow y \sqsubseteq x]$$

Strongly self-connected

- ▶ every part of the entity is connected to (overlaps) the whole

Maximality

- ▶ anything else which has that property, is strongly self-connected, and overlaps is part of it

# Background

## Partitivity

Barker (1998), Wągiel (2018)

- ▶ proper parthood
- ▶ in English typically postulated to be encoded by *of*
- ▶ instead  $\Rightarrow$  introduced by a proportional quantifier

$$(48) \quad [\![\text{PART}]\!] = \lambda y \lambda x [x \sqsubset y]$$

## Partitive Constraint

de Hoop (1997), Wągiel (2018)

- ▶ embedded DP  $\Rightarrow$  entity-denoting
- ▶ covert MAX or CF

$$(49) \quad [[\text{PART}[\text{MAX}/\text{CF}[\text{NP}]]]] = \lambda x [x \sqsubset [\![\text{MAX}/\text{CF}([\![\text{NP}]\!])]\!]]$$

# Proposal

## Main claim

- ▶ the typology results from an interaction between degree semantic and mereotopological features

## Semantic properties of Polish proportional quantifiers

- ▶ inferent degree semantics
- ▶ scalar alternatives
- ▶ mereotopological properties

	ćwierć 'quarter'	pół 'half'	połowa 'half'	większość 'most'	część 'part'	częstka 'part'	połówka 'half'	ćwiartka 'quarter'
degree semantics	yes	yes	no	no	no	no	no	no
introduces MSSC	no	no	no	no	no	yes	yes	yes
weaker scalar alternatives	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	yes	yes
presupposes MSSC	yes	yes	no	no	no	yes	yes	yes

# Proposal

*Ćwierć* ('quarter') and *pół* ('half')

- ▶ underlyingly, they are simply measures
- ▶ denote sets of degrees  $\Rightarrow$  can be shifted to degrees
- ▶ compatibility with measure words and numerals

(50)    *ćwierć tony*  
          quarter tonne.GEN

(51)     $\llbracket \text{ćwierć tony} \rrbracket = \lambda d[d = 1 \text{ tonne} \times 0.25]$

(52)    *pół miliona*  
          half million.GEN

(53)     $\llbracket \text{pół miliona} \rrbracket = \lambda d[d = 1,000,000 \times 0.5]$

# Proposal

*Ćwierć* ('quarter') and *pół* ('half')

- ▶ count nouns  $\Rightarrow$  shift from degrees to entities
- ▶ MSSC presupposition  $\Rightarrow$  only integrated entities
- ▶ incompatibility with cumulative predicates

(54) *ćwierć jabłka*  
quarter apple.GEN

(55)  $\llbracket \text{ćwierć jabłka} \rrbracket = \lambda x[x \sqsubset \text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{apple} \rrbracket)]$   
 $\wedge \mu(x) = \mu(\text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{apple} \rrbracket)) \times 0.25]$

(56) *pół książki*  
half book.GEN

(57)  $\llbracket \text{pół książki} \rrbracket = \lambda x[x \sqsubset \text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{book} \rrbracket)]$   
 $\wedge \mu(x) = \mu(\text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{book} \rrbracket)) \times 0.5]$

# Proposal

Część ('part'), połowa ('half') and większość ('most')

- ▶ designate parts within an encoded part-whole structure
- ▶ contextually conditioned  $\mu \Rightarrow$  number  $\sim$  volume
- ▶ compatibility with cumulative predicates

(58)    **połowa** książek  
        half     books.GEN

(59)     $\llbracket \text{połowa książek} \rrbracket = \lambda x[x \sqsubset \text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{books} \rrbracket)]$   
         $\wedge \mu(x) = \mu(\text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{books} \rrbracket)) \times 0.5$

(60)    **większość** jabłka  
        most     apple.GEN

(61)     $\llbracket \text{większość jabłka} \rrbracket = \lambda x[x \sqsubset \text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{apple} \rrbracket)]$   
         $\wedge \mu(x) > \mu(\text{MAX}(\llbracket \text{apple} \rrbracket))/0.5$

# Proposal

*Częstka* ('part'), *ćwiartka* ('quarter') and *połówka* ('half')

- ▶ presuppose and assert MSSC semantics
- ▶ partitioning operation  $\pi \Rightarrow$  non-overlapping proper parts
- ▶ incompatibility with cumulative predicates

(62)    **częstka** jabłka  
          part       apple.GEN

(63)     $\llbracket \text{częstka jabłka} \rrbracket = \lambda x[\text{MSSC}(\pi(\llbracket \text{część jabłka} \rrbracket))(x)]$

(64)    **połówka** flagi  
          half       flag.GEN

(65)     $\llbracket \text{połówka flagi} \rrbracket = \lambda x[\text{MSSC}(\pi(\llbracket \text{pół flagi} \rrbracket))(x)]$

# Proposal

## Compatibility with degree modifiers

- ▶ no true scalar alternative ⇒ composition fails

(66) \*Almost some students passed the exam.

(67) \*Niemal część arbuz zgniła.  
      almost part watermelon.GEN got.spoiled

- ▶ no scale ⇒ composition fails

(68) ??Niemal arbuz zgniął.  
      almost watermelon got.spoiled

(69) ?Niemal połówka arbusa zgniąła.  
      almost half watermelon.GEN got.spoiled

# Conclusion

## Puzzle

- ▶ different properties proportional quantifiers in Polish

	ćwierć 'quarter'	pół 'half'	połowa 'half'	większość 'most'	część 'part'	częstka 'part'	połówka 'half'	ćwiartka 'quarter'
measure terms	✓	✓	*	*	*	*	*	*
degree modifiers	✓	✓	✓	✓	*	*	*	*
cumulative pred.	*	*	✓	✓	✓	*	*	*

## Explanation

- ▶ interaction between degree semantics and mereotopology

	ćwierć 'quarter'	pół 'half'	połowa 'half'	większość 'most'	część 'part'	częstka 'part'	połówka 'half'	ćwiartka 'quarter'
degree semantics	yes	yes	no	no	no	no	no	no
introduces MSSC	no	no	no	no	no	yes	yes	yes
weaker scalar alternatives	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	yes	yes
presupposes MSSC	yes	yes	no	no	no	yes	yes	yes

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Thanks!