

# The "Jump and Stay" Method to Discover Proper Verb Centered Constructions in Corpus Lattices

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## previous work

verb centered construction = VCC  
proper VCC = pVCC  
theoretical model:  
double cubes + corpus lattices

## current contribution

effective implementation  
a verbal constr. discovery method  
the "jump and stay" principle  
preliminary eval. on Hungarian data

## conclusion

1 **corpus lattice** – interesting  
it refers to the location of pVCCs,  
worth to investigate more closely,  
using our implementation  
2 **"jump and stay"** – promising  
discovers pVCCs in corpus lattices,  
can be considered a baseline

## 1 pVCC

VCC = verb + slots + fillers  
slot = PP/NP deps (incl. subject)  
**proper verb centered construction (pVCC):**

- complete** = contains all necessary elements
- clean** = does not contain any unnecessary element
- free slots = complements
- fillers = idiomatic

a MWE: *take part*

a pVCC: *take + SBJ + OBJ:part + in*

**free slots + filled slots (complementation + collocation) are equally important**

This concept of completeness is essential (and unique) here.

– Why are pVCCs important?

pVCCs = different meanings / usage patterns of verbs.

Idea: a **dictionary** should present exactly the set of pVCCs concerning a verb. We handle all of them uniformly, in one framework.

## 2 Initial Model

basic unit: *clause*

representation of a clause:

**double cube (DC)**

representation of a corpus:

**corpus lattice (CL)**

created from DCs containing the same main verb using a *lattice combination* operation ( $\oplus$ )

→ a CL represents all clauses of a given verb, and also the **distribution of all free and filled slots occurring beside this verb.**

How does our algorithm work in practice?

```
#4
["FAC", null]
A stay found, we follow.
["FAC", null, "NOM", null]
A stay found, we follow.
["FAC", "jó", "NOM", null]
A stay found, we follow.
["ACC", null, "FAC", "jó", "NOM", null]
No stay (ratio=5.17 > 1.7), we stop.
No appropriate jump (keeping a filler, 1.02 < 4), we stop.
["ACC", null, "FAC", "jó", "NOM", null] 300 4 pVCC
```

```
#22699
["ACC", "kötségvetés", "FAC", "jó", "NOM", null] 4 5
No stay (ratio=2.00 > 1.7), we stop.
An appropriate jump (keeping a filler, 4<) found, we follow.
["ACC", null, "FAC", "jó", "NOM", null] 300 4
No stay (ratio=5.17 > 1.7), we stop.
No appropriate jump (keeping a filler, 1.02 < 4), we stop.
["ACC", null, "FAC", "jó", "NOM", null] 300 4 pVCC
```

hagy + NOM + ACC + FAC:jó ← pVCC

allow + SBJ + OBJ + FAC:good (= approve + SBJ + OBJ)

What?

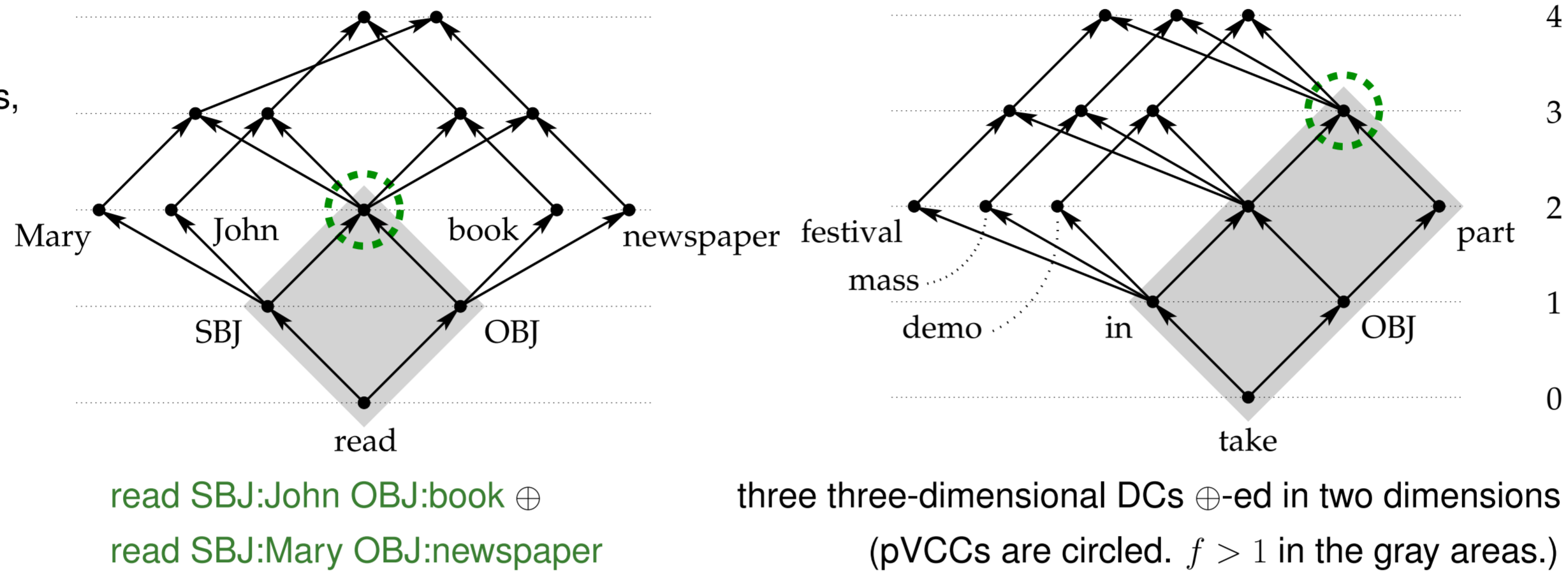
input  
corpus



output  
pVCCs

John reads a book.	He takes part in a demo.	read + SBJ + OBJ
Mary reads a newspaper.	He takes part in a mass.	take + SBJ + OBJ + into:account
He took this opinion into account.	He takes part in a festival.	take + SBJ + OBJ:part + in
He will take that info into account. ...	...	...

How? analysed clauses → DC → CL → "jump and stay" method



Where? <https://github.com/sassbalint/double-cube-jump-and-stay>

## 3 "Jump and Stay"

$f(v)$  = corpus frequency of the VCC represented by vertex  $v$ .

Observation: pVCC vertices can be characterized as...

- going top-down  $f$  substantially increases
- better if located higher

The "jump and stay" principle:

- **jump** = step to an adjacent vertex downwards in the CL if  $f$  substantially increases
- **stay** = step to an adjacent vertex upwards in the CL if  $f$  remains roughly the same

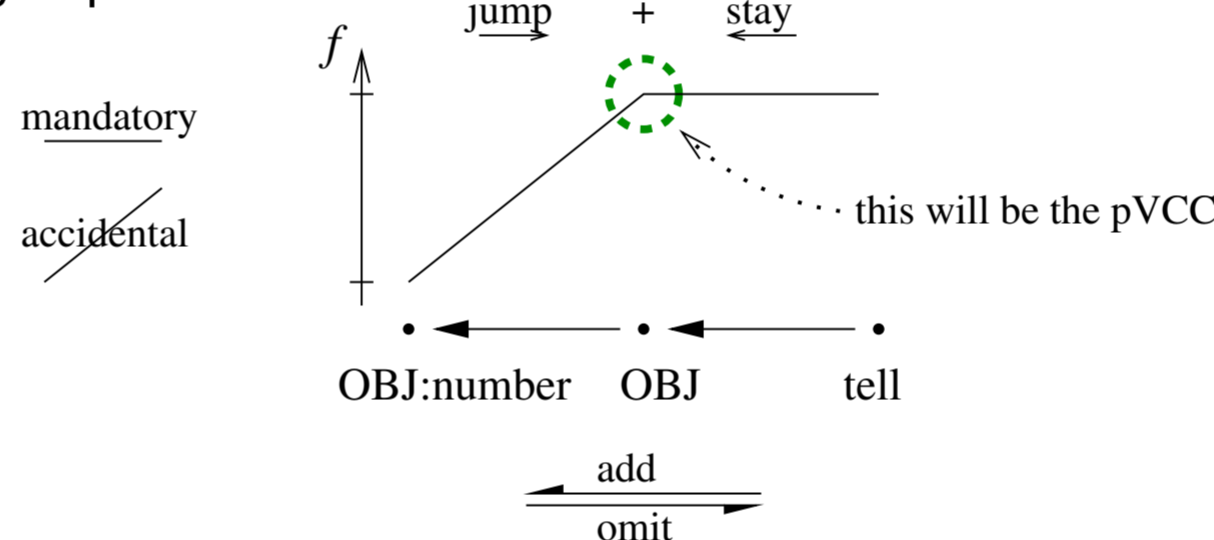
the "jump and stay" idea is nicely consistent with the fact that constructions have mandatory and accidental elements.

jump = **omit accidental element**  
stay = **add mandatory element**

a typical pVCC is an endpoint of both jumps and stays

stays increase completeness  
jumps increase cleanness

The value of  $f$  jumps up and then stays the same at certain locations pointing to pVCCs.



## 4 Model Impl.

important: to be able to effectively step from a vertex to an adjacent one  
solution: store vertices and edges in hashes

## 5 Data

format: a specific JSON.  
It can be generated from a shallow parsed input corpus:

verb + slots + fillers  
need to be identified.

data: 28 million analysed Hungarian clauses,  
7% dev + 93% test

## 6 Algorithm

1. take each vertices of the CL
2. omit some: too long ( $l > 8$ ), too rare ( $f < 3$ ), no out-edge
3. look for a stay:  
if  $f(\text{actual})/f(\text{above}) < 1.7$   
→ this a stay  
→ step to the vertex above
4. no stay? look for a jump:  
if  $f(\text{below})/f(\text{actual}) > 4$   
→ this a jump  
→ step to the vertex below
5. a new vertex reached?  
→ repeat steps 3. and 4.
6. if no stay and no jump can be found → stop  
if the current VCC is not at the top of the CL → it is a pVCC

in step 4: no jump if it would omit the last filler from a VCC

## 7 Evaluation

The algorithm was run on two verbs: *húz* (draw/pull) and *vet* (cast/throw). Then the first 20 pVCCs (according to  $f$  value) was investigated whether they are correct or not.

Results

70-80% of the pVCCs are perfect.  
one single real error (2.5%): #17 – filler *vonal* (line) is missing.

Discussion

- many complete + clean pVCCs
- different pVCCs are often translated using different verbs
- optionality: #2 and #20
- our concept of completeness: #28/#29/#30.  
a certain filler → a new complement → a new pVCC
- interference: #24 and #26

## 8 Future Work

- handling pronouns
- better threshold values
- what to do when a few elements seem to be mutually exclusively mandatory at a point?  
*take into:account/consideration*
- application for other languages and other structures

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#	? Hungarian pVCC	$f$	word by word	English counterpart
<b>húz</b>				
9505			<b>draw/pull</b>	
1.	✓ ACC	8304	OBJ	pull sg
2.	✓ ACC:idő	420	OBJ:time	temporize
3.	✓ ACC:haszon + ELA	412	OBJ:profit + from	profit from sg
4.	✓ ACC + SUB:maga	239	OBJ + onto:oneself	put sg on
5.	✓ ACC + után:maga	209	OBJ + after:oneself	pull sg behind oneself
6.	✓ ACC + ALL:maga	207	OBJ + to:oneself	pull/draw sy to oneself
7.	≈ ACC + SUB:fej	199	OBJ + onto:head	put sg on one's head
8.	✓ felé	169	towards	be drawn/attracted towards sg
9.	✓ ACC:rövid	166	OBJ:short	get the worst of it
10.	✓ ACC:vonat	152	OBJ:line	draw a line
11.	✓ ACC:láb	139	OBJ:foot	drag one's feet
12.	✓ ACC:ujj + INS	118	OBJ:finger + with	pick a quarrel with sy
13.	p ACC + NOM:aki	108	OBJ + SBJ:who	who pulls sg
14.	p ACC + TEM:az	107	OBJ + at:that	pull sg at that time
15.	✓ ACC + INS:maga	92	OBJ + with:oneself	drag sy/sg with oneself
16.	✓ ACC + felé	85	OBJ + towards	pull sg towards sg
17.	× ACC + közé	82	OBJ + between	draw sg (a line) between sg
18.	✓ ACC:szék	80	OBJ:chair	draw one's chair up
19.	✓ ACC:határ	77	OBJ:border	set limits
20.	✓ ACC:idő + INS	77	OBJ:time + with	temporize on sg
<b>vet</b>				
14759			<b>cast/throw</b>	
21.	✓ ACC	13649	OBJ	cast/throw sg
22.	≈ ACC + SUB	5437	OBJ + onto	cast/throw sg on sg
23.	✓ ACC:vég + DAT	2632	OBJ:end + for	put an end to sg
24.	✓ ACC + SUB:szem	1085	OBJ + onto:eye	reproach sy for sg
25.	≈ ACC:maga	964	OBJ:oneself	throw oneself
26.	✓ ACC:pillantás + SUB	839	OBJ:glance + onto	glance at sy/sg
27.	✓ ACC + SUB:papír	673	OBJ + onto:paper	note down sg
28.	✓ ACC:fény + SUB	402	OBJ:light + onto	reflect (well/badly) on sy/sg
29.	✓ ACC:szám + INS	371	OBJ:number + with	take sg into account
30.	✓ ACC:gát + DAT	362	OBJ:obstacle + for	put a stop to sg
31.	≈ ACC:maga + SUB	345	OBJ:oneself + onto	throw oneself into sg
32.	✓ ACC:maga + ILL	339	OBJ:oneself + into	throw oneself into sg
33.	p ACC:az + SUB:szem	302	OBJ:that + onto:eye	reproach sy for that
34.	✓ SUB:maga	297	onto:oneself	have only oneself to blame
35.	✓ ACC:szem + SUB	285	OBJ:eye + onto	take a fancy to sy/sg
36.	✓ ACC:kereszt	261	OBJ:cross	cross oneself
37.	✓ ACC:árnyék + SUB	258	OBJ:shadow + onto	cast/throw a shadow over sy/sg
38.	✓ ACC + ILL:lat	240	OBJ + into:lat	use sg (one's power)
39.	p ACC + SUB:én	225	OBJ + onto:me	cast/throw sg onto me
40.	p ACC + NOM:aki	201	OBJ + SBJ:who	who casts/throws sg